

The Proposal Template: Hints & Tips

Summary of the presentation

- Disclaimer
- Common Mistakes
- **The proposal template – Cover Letter**
- **The proposal template Part 1 – Technical and Application**
- **The proposal template Part 2 – Management**
- **The proposal template Part 3 – Financial**
- **The proposal template Part 4 – Contract Conditions**

- This presentation material does not contain sufficient information to be used, in any way, in the context of any ESA CfPs (Call for Proposals).
- This presentation is just to help understand, in a simplified manner, some of the key elements associated with the template for this call.
- Proposal templates can vary; however, some main elements are provided in this presentation to serve as an example and guidance. Do not copy any part of the examples given.



Please ensure that your Proposal is compliant with the requirements contained in the specific CfP documentation!

During this presentation we will draw your attention to **common mistakes** and oversights in proposals. It is not a prescriptive ‘do it like this’ list and the material must be sensibly applied to your particular case.

There is no substitute for a **good idea**. This presentation will only help you to present your idea in a way it can be **understood by reviewers**.

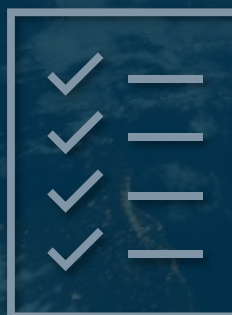
Please ensure that your Proposal is compliant with the CfP conditions of tender and cover letter – each CfP can be different. Do not use a previous template from any other CfP.

Remember:

- **ESA is only allowed to evaluate what is in the 25 pages of the proposal** – do not assume that the reviewers have “your common knowledge” or that “it is commonly known”. We cannot evaluate intentions, “read in-between-the-lines” or guess what you mean. We are only allowed, outside of the proposal, to consult ESA-STAR or other ESA internal information.
- **The TEB members have to read typically 20+ proposals in total per TEB** – the easier you make it for them to read and understand, the better for both them and you.

Proposal Template

Common Mistakes / Checklist before submission





VERY BRIEF summary of SOME of the most common mistakes seen:

Criteria 1



CHECK YOUR PROPOSAL AGAINST THIS LIST!

1. Objectives difficult to understand or not clearly stated.
2. Poor or missing technical requirements (e.g. not covering the key points, not quantified or verifiable, not matching market need).
3. Poor or missing engineering approach (e.g. baseline concept not described, missing reviews or checks, lack of key testing or validation).
4. Poor or inadequate programme of work (e.g. missing customer involvement, missing design or development steps) and inconsistency between text, flowchart, WBS, WPD and GANTT.
5. Missing experience or facilities – no information on relevant work done by the company, no or poor relevant CVs for the key personnel, no (or poor) information on facilities and/or having no plan to acquire it.
6. Poor WPD (e.g. insufficient detail to understand the full scope of the work, no clear responsibilities, inputs and outputs of each WPD).
7. Poor WBS (e.g. spaghetti WBS and flowchart, too many/few WP, WP with tasks for more than one entity).

Criteria 2

1. Not meeting the programmatic constraints of the cover letter (e.g. not related to ESA needs or programmes, not space related, not credible start or target TRL, no clear benefit for the country, no user involvement in services and applications proposals).
2. Not providing a credible business case for product / service development (wrt customers, projected revenues, recurring costs and ROI) or not showing how the activity will produce long-term benefit for the bidder (addressing knowledge gaps, building capabilities, future developments).



Criteria 3: Management, planning, costing parts

1. Poor management plan (e.g. missing how you will monitor the timely implementation of the activity, subcontractor control, including a steering group or management 'team' instead of a Project Manager).
2. Poor planning (e.g. insufficient detail, no dependencies, too much in parallel, not matching scope of WPD).
3. Non-credible costing (e.g. hours not corresponding to described scope work in WPD, procurement of inappropriate items, excessive travel costs, price = max. available envelope, procured items not detailed or justified). The goal is fair costing w.r.t. entities standard cost structure!
4. Poor definition of deliverables (e.g. missing deliverables, not covering the full scope of work, deliverables not matching WPD outputs).
5. High (>10%) / very low (<5%) management hours w.r.t. total hours.
6. Inconsistency between PSS forms and proposal (costed travels not in meeting plan, facilities/service costed for but not mentioned in proposal).

Criteria 4: Compliance with administrative tender conditions

1. Some of the documents not signed or missing (e.g. Cover Letter, PSS Forms).
2. Non-compliance with tender conditions (e.g. Introducing changes to the Proposal Template or exceeding the maximum number of pages).
3. Disagreeing with the Draft Contract (that you accepted by signing the Cover Letter).
4. Leaving incomplete part of the essential information (e.g. milestone payments, deliverables, leaving empty the IPR section, management plan section or any other section – please fill it: if it is the case say that it does not apply and why).



ChatGPT on the perils of using ChatGPT for technical proposals... (with which we fully concur)!

“The heedless deployment of ChatGPT for the composition of exalted formal technical proposals serves as a prelude to a veritable Shakespearean tragedy, replete with a tempest of perilous pitfalls and woeful repercussions.

Behold, the core sin of ChatGPT, for it is but a mere conduit of algorithmic patterns, bereft of the profound wellspring of domain-specific knowledge and contextual acuity so profoundly requisite for the meticulous construction of precise and accurate technical proposals. This lamentable inadequacy begets a pandemonium of inaccuracies, shrouded in the mists of misunderstanding, and plagued by a dearth of technical erudition within the composition. Furthermore, ChatGPT, like a capricious maven of linguistic arts, flirts with the peril of inadvertently infusing biases and inappropriate lexicons into the sacred tapestry of the proposal, thus casting a long shadow upon its professionalism and moral rectitude. Deprived of the faculties to engage in the noble art of rigorous inquiry and the verification of information veracity, ChatGPT’s creation may verily descend into a labyrinthine netherworld, a nightmarish domain of erroneous data and references, heretical to the gods of intellectual integrity.

The over-reliance upon ChatGPT for such august undertakings may be likened to a tragic fall from grace, wherein the quality, reliability, and probity of the document shall be irreparably besmirched, and it shall be consigned to the annals of ineffectuality, unfit for the discerning gaze of noble professional and technical audiences. Hence, it is paramount to wield ChatGPT as a humble tool, an adjunct to human sagacity, and to accompany its output with the indomitable vigilance of human scrutiny, for to do otherwise would be to court calamity and ignite the flames of intellectual hubris.”



The Cover Letter contains details on:

- The **Title**
- The team submitting the proposal
- The **Cost** of the proposal
- The **type** of activity (**a, b, c, d, e, f, g**)
- The **Duration** of the proposal
- Who the point of contact is
- The Acceptance of contract conditions
- The Statement concerning export restrictions
- The Statement on free competition
- The Legal representative
- The Validity of the proposal



Remember

By signing the Cover Letter you are accepting the contract conditions – **so do not, in the Proposal, state that you want to modify them.**



The Cover Letter MUST be signed!



Hints & Tips: The Title

Each call may have many proposals. To aid reviewers, pay attention to the title of your Proposal.

It should prepare them for what they are about to read and clearly identify your Proposal:

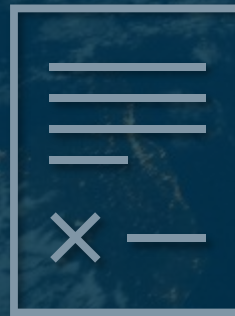
- Keep it **short**
- Keep it **clear**
- Make it **descriptive and relevant**
- Do not waste time to think up overly long titles or try to force acronyms for the project.

Examples

- Simple and concise – but OK: *“Increasing coffee sales by responding to customer demands”*
- Overly long and unnecessarily complex: *“Investigating and testing various methods of maximising financial revenue and fiscal returns resulting from bean derived hot beverages sales in a customer focused environment using direct market feedback and other methods.”*
- Trying too hard for an acronym: *“Cash maximising Objectives for increased Financial and Fiscal returns in a European Environment for HOt Beverages Sales (COFFEE HOBS)”*

Proposal Template

Part 1 – Technical and Application



- 1.0 Introduction and Scope
- 1.1 Technical Objective
- 1.2 Requirements
- 1.3 Technology Readiness Level
- 1.4 Engineering Approach
- 1.5 Technical Problem Areas and Risks
- 1.6 Prospect For Exploitation and Use
- 1.7 Technical Programme of Work
- 1.8 Background of the Company(ies)
- 1.9 Facilities



1.0 Introduction and Scope

- Provide the **background and rationale** of what you are proposing to do.
- Keep it **succinct** (not more than half a page), but **clear** enough to provide **sufficient context** for your development.





1.1 Technical Objective

The Objective is what you hope to achieve with the Proposal (i.e. the end goal) and the key constraints or conditions under which that should be met. This is sometimes called the mission goal in texts. In theory, everything you propose to do should be derivable from this statement.

Objectives should:

1. Be **short** (1 to 3 sentences)
2. Be **clear and verifiable**
3. Contain the **core essence** of what should be achieved

Objectives should not:

1. Describe the work to be done, the workflow or how to do it
2. Describe the nice to haves/options
3. Be overly long and descriptive

“...this nation should commit itself to achieving the goal, before this decade is out, of landing a man on the Moon and returning him safely to Earth”

– this was the objective stated for a 24-Billion-dollar project.

In ‘**Application**’ part of the Proposal you should justify **WHY** this is a good objective and how it fits the programmatic constraints!





1.2 Requirements

For proposals, requirements are the **key measurable features** that the product or the work must meet in order to be declared successful. They should take into account what the end user needs/considers important.

Requirements are:

- Clear, verifiable, quantitative and measurable.
- Requirements tell you what needs to be achieved/realised
- Requirements are what we all use to measure if the objectives were achieved



Note: Ideally requirements will also be justified in the Proposal

Requirements are not:

- The facilities, tools, experience or personnel that you *need* to perform the work.

If you are not in a position to properly define a full set of clear, well formulated requirements then consider to:

- ...either look at a preparatory activity
- ...or include an activity focused on requirement definition and include a work package to this end.



1.2 Requirements – Example (in a cafeteria)

Well formulated requirements

- The coffee shall be served at a temperature between 85 and 90°C.
- The coffee shall be delivered to the customer within 4 minutes of being ordered.
- The coffee shall be dispensed in 200ml +/- 10ml servings.
- The customer shall receive a biscuit with each coffee, included in the price of the coffee



Poorly formulated requirements:

- The coffee has to be a good temperature
- The coffee must be served quickly
- The coffee shall have big serving sizes
- We want people to have biscuits with their coffee

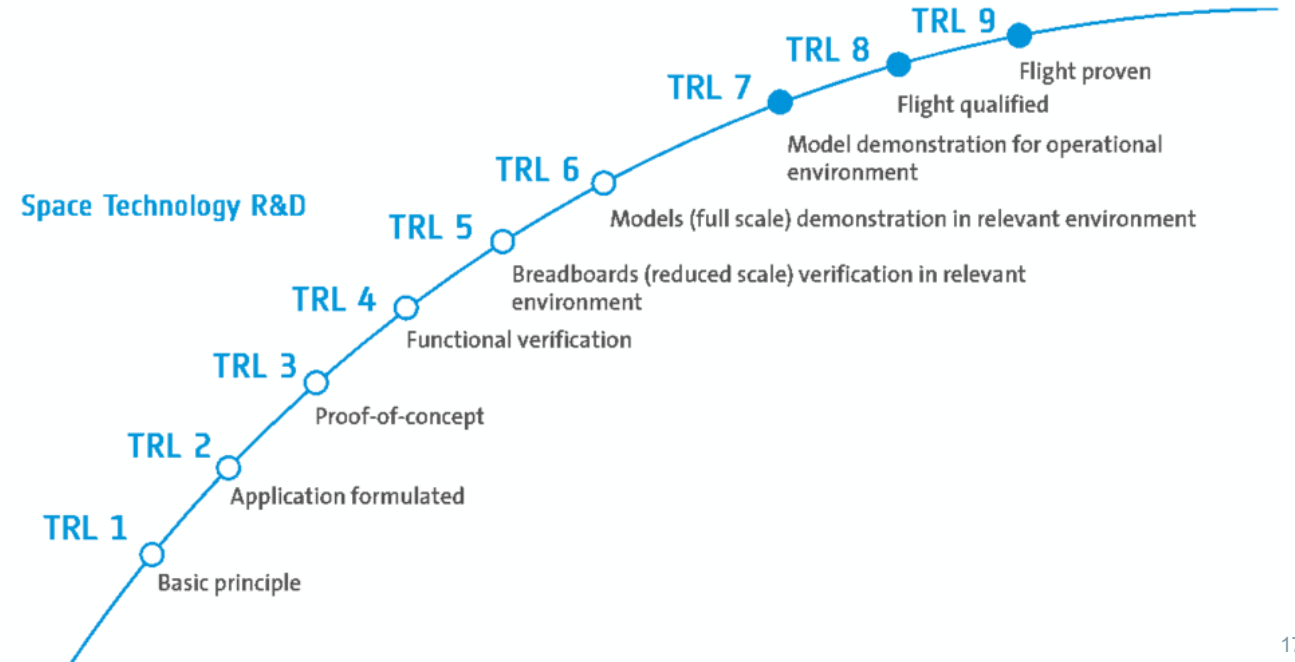
Not a requirement at all in this sense:

- We need to buy a kettle and coffee cups
- We need to hire someone to make the coffee
- We should do a trade off on what biscuits to give
- We shall get a coffee sellers license



1.3 Technology Readiness Level

- **Indicate** and **substantiate** the current TRL level of the technology.
- Please note that the type of activity proposed, Type a, b or c has to be **compatible** with the start and end TRL indicated in the **Cover Letter** of the CfP.





1.4 Engineering Approach

1.4.1 State of the Art

- Provide a brief overview of “State of the Art”.
- Explain why you chose your proposed baseline instead of others
- Show you know your competitors and their products

Have you answered these questions?

- What is the current technology solution and/or dominant product for the use case of your development?
- What work has been done by other entities / or is ongoing in this area – also in other countries?
- Who are your competitors and what are their products?
- **What benefit does your solution have over the others?**



1.4 Engineering Approach

1.4.2 Technical Steps

- Present and discuss in **DETAIL** the scientific/technical steps to achieve the set objectives.
- This needs to correspond to the **Work Flow Logic Chart!**
- This is the text description and justification of the flow chart and the Work Breakdown Structure.



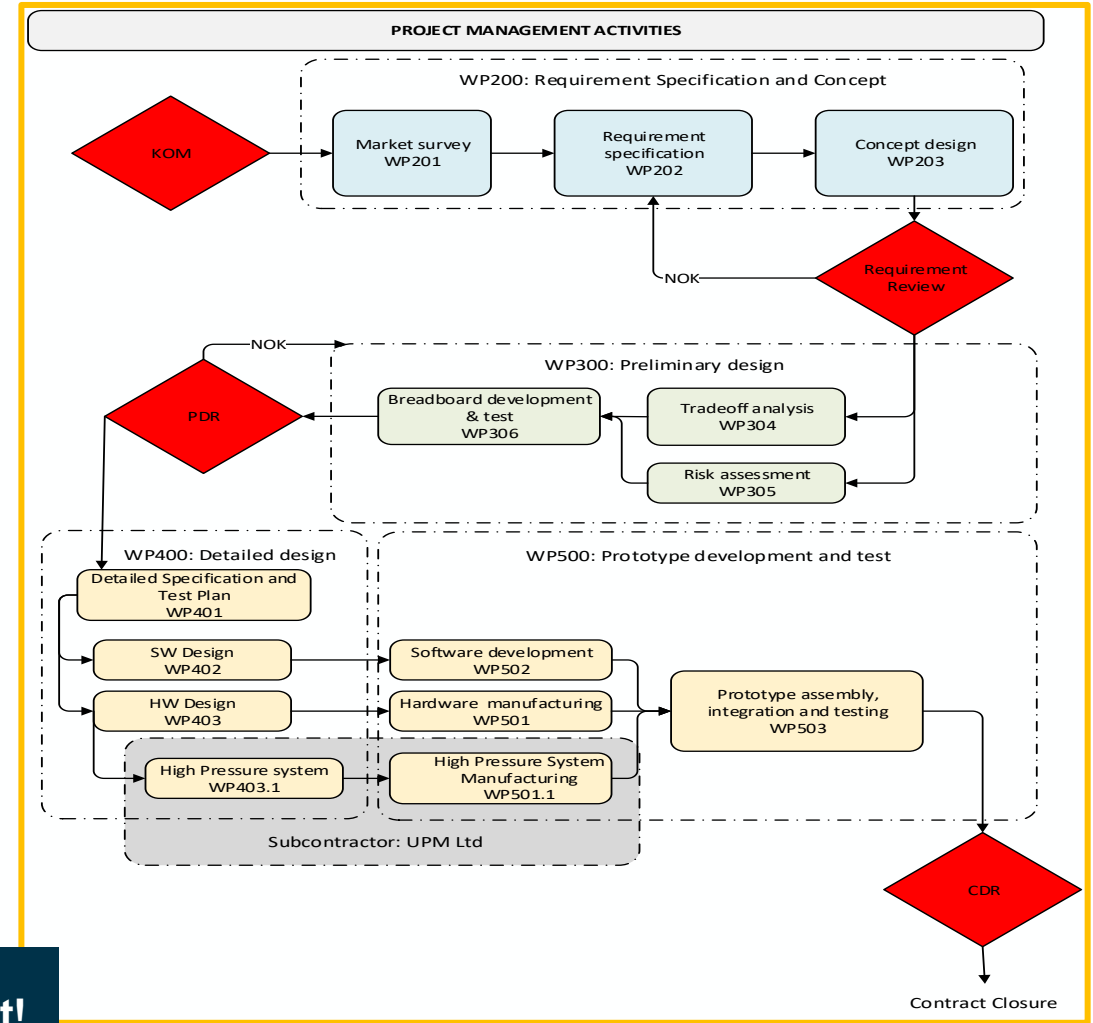
This is expected to be the core/bulk of the Proposal



1.4 Engineering Approach

1.4.3 Proposed Work Logic

- Include the **reviews** and decision points (check points). Technical ECSS reviews are key for credibility and typically align with payments.
- **Consistency** with WBS (and easy traceability)
- Parallel/serial consistency is logical (consistent with GANTT chart)
- **Subcontractor work** is clear
- Dependencies are clear



The Technical Steps, WLFC & WBS MUST be consistent!



1.4 Engineering Approach

1.4.4 Implementation aspects

Present a first iteration of the baseline design or concept (diagram)!

Have you answered these questions?

1. What is your baseline design/ concept?
2. HOW will the work be done? What METHODOLOGIES will be used, what key ANALYSES and SIMULATIONS will be done?
3. What is minimum TESTING and VERIFICATION that will be done?
4. Is the SCOPE and 'depth' of work sufficiently clear?

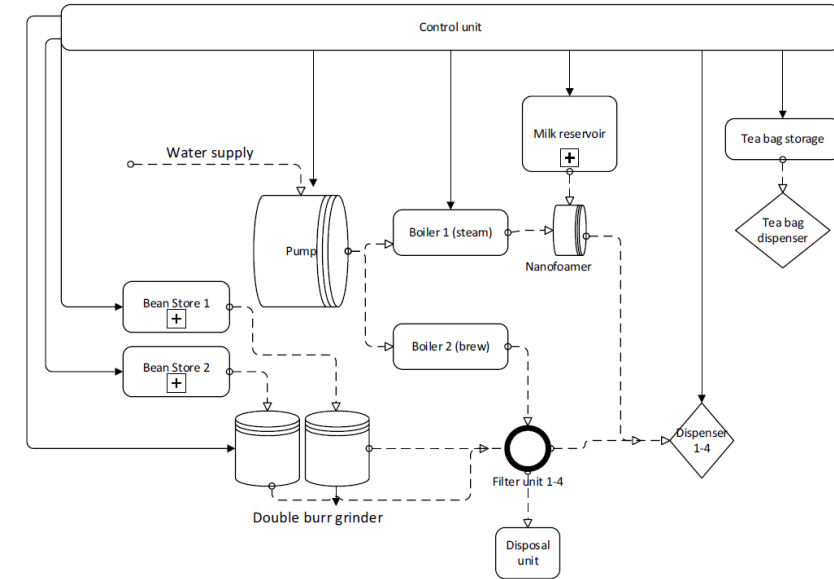


Figure 1. Functional Diagram of CM2000

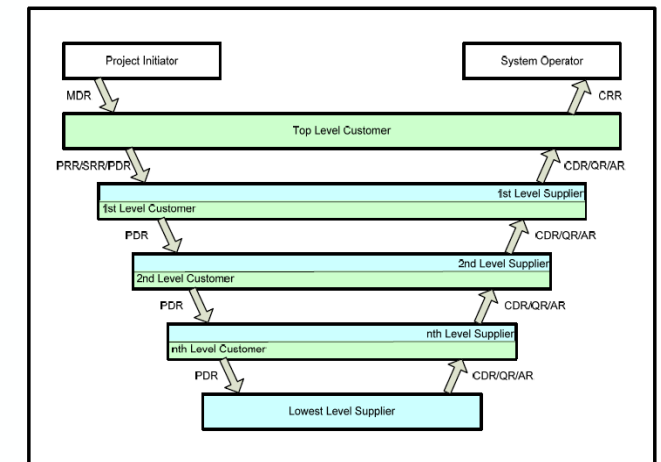



Figure 4-4: Review life cycle

 This is expected to be the core/bulk of the Proposal



1.6 Prospect For Exploitation And Use

1.6.1 Compliance with the programmatic constraints of the Cover Letter

Justify that the activity meets the criteria and objectives of the call **(be explicit w.r.t. cover letter!)**

1.6.2 Business Case Summary

Is there a valid **business case** for continuing after this activity?

1. **Market:** **Who** will use the technology developed (**Customers**)? **What** will they use it for? **Why** is it needed?
2. **Profitability:** What is your **expected revenue** and **ROI**? Why are your **expected recurring costs**?
3. **Planning:** What is the plan to **commercialisation**? What is the plan for **business development**?
4. **Benefits:** What are the **short- and medium-term benefits to you, to ESA** and to the **European Space Sector**?

If you don't know the answers to all these and can't convince us then why should we finance the development?
...Think about a preparatory activity.



1.7 Technical Programme of Work

1.7.1 Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)

- Logically structure the main Work Packages following the main tasks of the workflow (preferably ‘gated’ by reviews)
- Work logic is preferably **‘gated’ by technical/engineering reviews**
 - Preliminary Requirements Review (PRR), System Requirements Review (SRR), Preliminary Design Review (PDR), etc. These typically are aligned with payment milestones.
 - See ECSS-M-ST-10C Project Planning and Implementation (Chapter 4,5 and Annex A) for standard review definitions.
- Include **WP for management**
- Ensure **each company** has separate **(sub)work packages**
- Ensure all tasks in one work package ‘belong together’

The WBS is the basis for effort & cost estimation (PSS-A8 form), and management of subcontractors!

Make sure it is well thought through!



This section should be coherent with the earlier sections of the Proposal!



1.7 Technical Programme of Work

1.7.2 Work Package Description (WPD)

- The WPDs form the **detailed description** of the work that will be performed
- They **scope the work** and the deliverables
- They allow a **basis for the costing**
- They **discriminate the work** and responsibilities of the different companies/entities

Note that the ECSS propose a standard template for a WBS and WPD (for the WPD the ESA PSS A20 form can be used)



This section should be coherent with the earlier sections of the Proposal!



 The outputs to the Work Package Descriptions shall be included in the List of Deliverables!

BAD EXAMPLE

PROJECT: CM2000 Development	PHASE: 1	WP: 200
WP Title: Requirement Specification and Concept		Sheet 1 of 1
WP Manager: Mr. Bean		
Start Event: KOM	Planned Date: 1 st April 2018	
End Event: End of project	Planned Date: 1 st April 2019	
Tasks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do market survey Write Requirement Specification 		
Outputs: Technical Note		

- Too high level
- Too open to interpretation
- Scope undefined
- Deliverable undefined
- Company missing
- No inputs
- Actual dates used
- Not linked to planning (events)

GOOD EXAMPLE

PROJECT: CM2000 Development	PHASE: 1	WP: 201
WP Title: Market Survey		Sheet 1 of 1
Company: HiQ Beverages Ltd		Issue Ref: 1
WP Manager: Mr. Bean		Issue Date: 15.08.2018
Start Event: KOM	Planned Date: T0	
End Event: RR	Planned Date: T0+3	
Inputs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SoW Approved proposal KOM Minutes of Meeting AD1 RD1 		
Tasks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Perform a survey of all current HBMs available on market Compare key requirements and capabilities Compare key performance indicators (efficiency, lifetime, reliability) Compare and analyse cost (unit cost, running cost) Identify and analyse customer requirements (coffee provider) Assess the current annual demand for hot beverages in Europe Perform trend analysis for hot beverage demand in Europe Identify most popular hot beverages and key end-user requirements Collect and analyse new and emerging requirements for popular hot beverages Assess the potential future market for any evolving requirements Identify consumer needs not currently addressed by HBM 		
Specifically Excluded Tasks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No competitor machines will be procured and tested No taste testing/ surveying will be performed 		
Outputs: D01: Current and Future Market Assessment Report D02: Emerging Hot Beverage Requirement Report		



1.8 Background of the Company(ies)

We are only interested in RELEVANT background and experience.

Coffee Example:

1. Directly **relevant** experience for a Coffee maker:
Having made coffee before for themselves or having made multiple types of coffee in a café.
2. Partially relevant experience for a Coffee maker:
Having made other (non-coffee) hot beverages, having worked in a café where coffee was made, but not actually making the coffee.
3. Non-relevant experience for a Coffee maker:
Cleaning the café, playing football, driving a car.



- Do not waste space in the Proposal with non-relevant experience.
- Relevant patents, papers or publications could be included in Annex(es).
- If the people or proposed team is missing key background, experience or knowledge – **identify this yourself and explain how you will get it.**



1.9 Facilities

Facilities are the things needed **in order to complete the work proposed**.

You need to identify **what you need** for the proposed work and **whether you have it**, or **how you gain access** to it.

Example Facilities

1. Test equipment
2. Specialist design and analysis software
3. Specialist computing facilities
4. Specialist manufacturing facilities

Examples of things **NOT** considered Facilities:

1. Your building and address
2. Your car park
3. Your desks and office furniture
4. Standard computers, office s/w and printers



Proposal Template

Part 2 – Management



2.1 Team Organisation and Personnel

2.2 Curricula Vitae

2.3 Planning

2.4 Deliverable Items



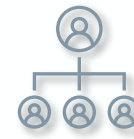
2.1 Team Organisation and Personnel

2.1.1 Proposed team

2.1.1.1 Overall team composition, key personnel

- Provide an organigram that describes the overall team composition,
- include participants from all **subcontractors**, if any
- include all **key** (i.e. having a major role within the team and/or being responsible for one or more WPs) personnel.

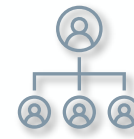




NOTE: Key Personnel!

A Key Personnel is someone playing a **leading role** in the activity OR providing **irreplaceable** experience and expertise.

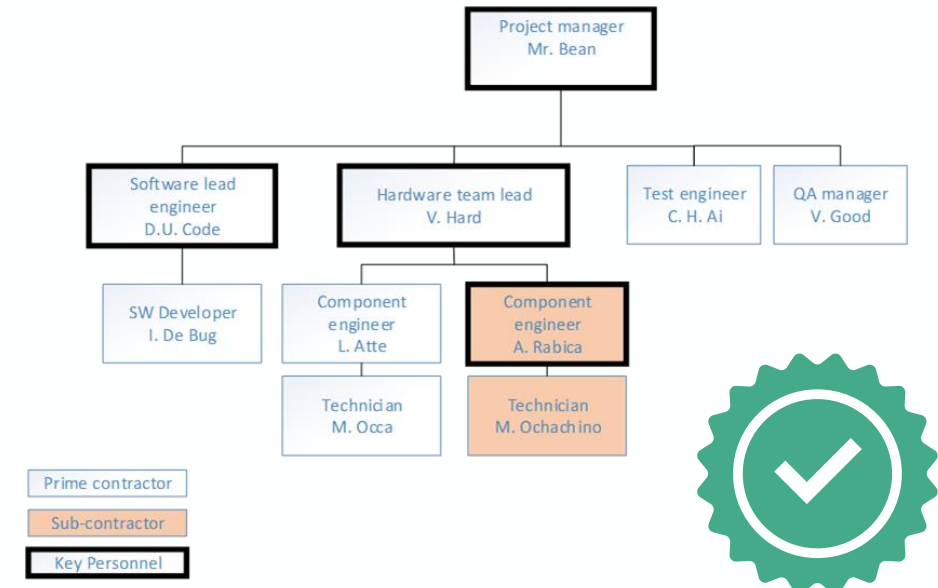
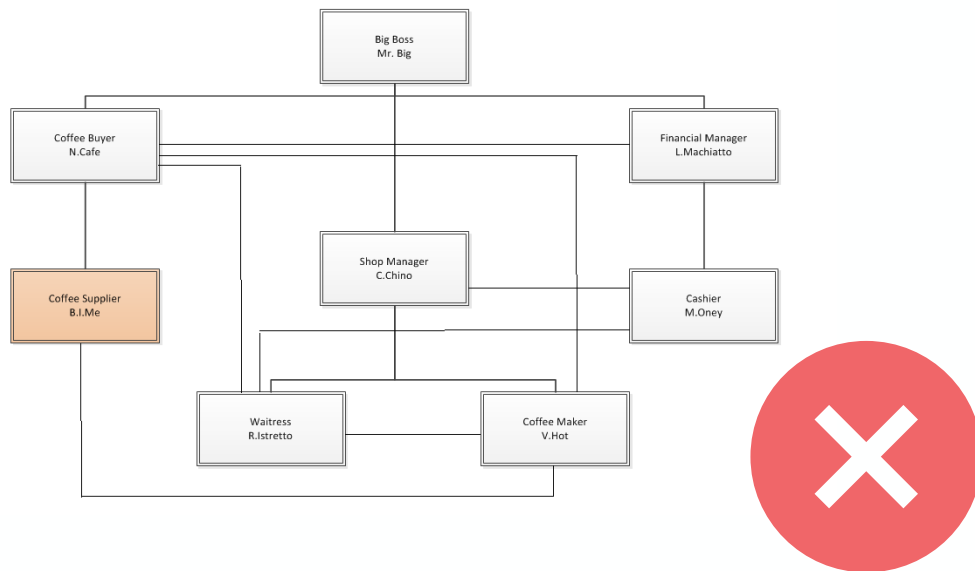
1. Anyone contributing **<10%** of their time is being used very inefficiently and is by definition not playing a leading role (unless due to unique expertise).
2. If someone is claimed to be a Key Personnel because they have irreplaceable experience and expertise – **explain the role** they play, what this is and how it will be exploited.
3. High numbers of claimed Key Personnel does not make the Proposal any better. Demonstrated good and **effective use of people** with the right background and with clear roles is better.
4. The percentage of the working time that each Key Personnel will dedicate to each Work Package (WP) shall be given. **For the management task, if the consortium is not large, the percentage should not be higher than ~10%.**

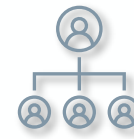


2.1.1.1 Overall team composition, Key Personnel

Provide an organigramme for the Project Team (including subcontractor(s), if any), this is intended to show the reporting lines and responsibility/delegation. It does not show who talks to whom on a daily basis.

- Each subcontractor should have 1 formal contact point
- NO steering committees in ESA contracts – Project Manager (in discussion with ESA) is responsible for the direction, quality of work, decisions and timeliness.
- The Team Organigram is not the same as the company organigram!





2.1.1.2 Rationale of the proposed industrial organisation

- Rationale of the team composition
- Rationale of the split of work between Prime Contractor and subcontractor(s) (if any)
- Justification for the choice of subcontractor(s) (if any)

2.1.1.3 Time dedication of Key Personnel

- Check consistency with PSS Forms

Key Personnel	Responsibilities under this activity	Total Hours dedicated to the Project	Total Working Hours during Project Timeframe	% of Total Working Hours dedicated to the Project
[Function] [Name]...		X	Y	$(X/Y)*100$
[Function] [Name]...				
[Function] [Name]...				
TOTAL				

The total number of hours dedicated by Non-Key Personnel is **XXXX**, resulting in a total number of hours dedicated to the Project of **YYYY**.



2.2 Curricula Vitae

- CVs (of Key Personnel) shall not be attached to the Proposal but **shall be submitted separately** in the dedicated Curriculum Vitae folder in esa-star.
- The CVs should **ONLY** be included in the dedicated folder for CVs on Esa-Star.
- One summary resume per **key** person
- Include:
 - Role
 - Relevant experience
 - Very summarised version of other experience





2.3 Planning

2.3.1 GANTT chart

The GANTT chart shows you can organise your work, provides a tool to monitor the work, to communicate key dates and to ***show what drives the schedule.***

It shows you understand the work involved in what you are proposing.

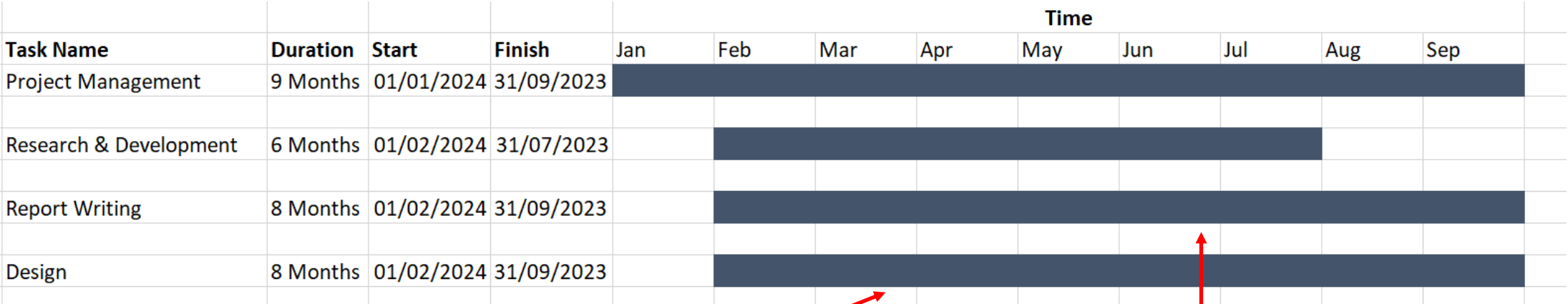
Some tips for GANTT charts:

1. It should link clearly to WBS and Flow Chart
2. It should show milestones, reviews and **key** deliverables
3. It should show the **key** dependencies between tasks
4. Include to a 'sensible' level (not too much, not too little) – ask can you monitor progress?
5. Is there a critical path? Is it shown and discussed?



Bad GANTT chart

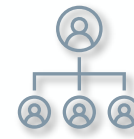
Not done in a project management tool giving little confidence in the PM experience of the bidder!



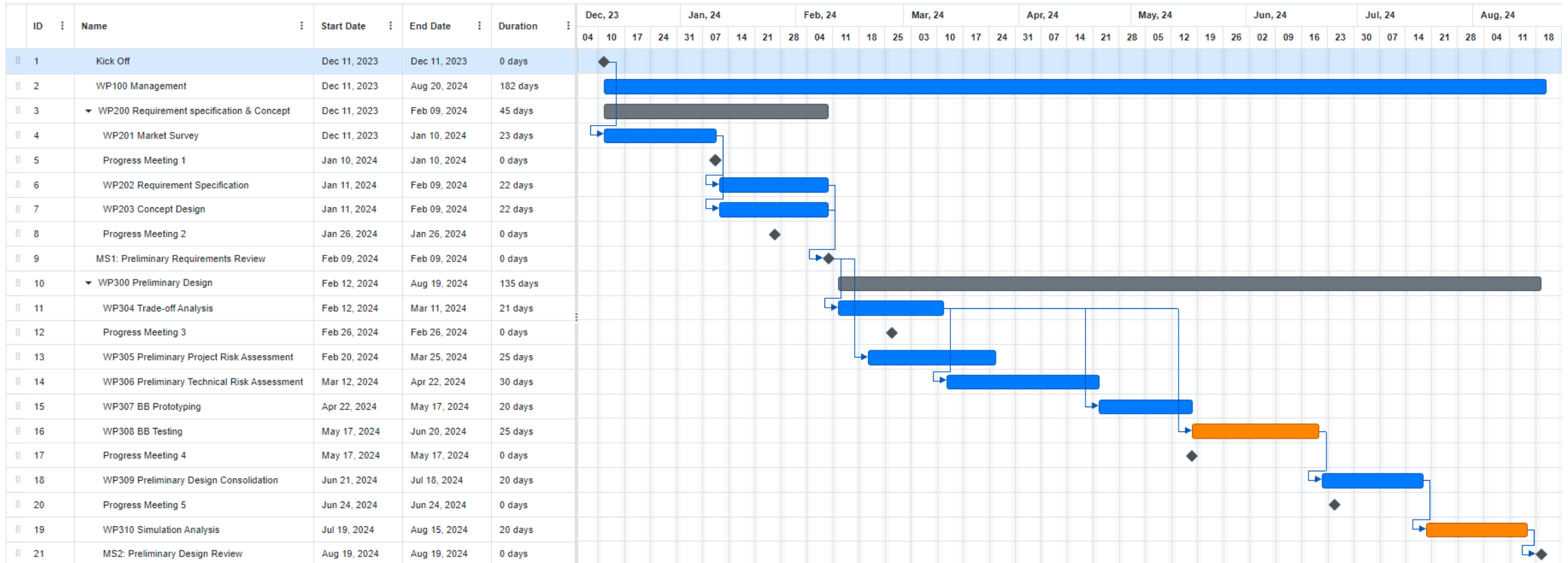
Names not matching WBS titles

Insufficient granularity (not matching WBS)

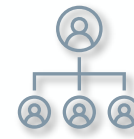
No dependencies or critical path shown
No discrimination between entities
No meetings/ key points



Good GANTT chart



■ Prime Contractor
■ Subcontractor



2.3 Planning

2.3.2 Proposed Schedule

Provide a synthetic summary of the planning assumptions that are needed to correctly interpret the provided Gantt Chart.

2.3.3 Meeting and Travel Plan

Should be **consistent** with the cost given in **PSS A2, Exhibit B** and shall include not only meetings with the Agency but also meetings with sub-contractors involving travel, **field trips**, travels to test houses.

- All meetings with ESA (e.g. progress meetings – note these may be via telecon)
- All reviews, both internal and with ESA (e.g. Requirements Reviews, Design Review, Test Readiness...)
- All meetings with sub-contractors or potential customers (e.g. progress meetings, working meetings, requirement definition meetings)
- All travels to facilities (e.g. Test houses, Ground truth measurement areas)
- Final Presentation (at ESA premises)

NOT to include:

- Any meeting or travel not **DIRECTLY** needed for progression of the activity (e.g. conferences, promotional activities...)
- Ad-hoc meetings to resolve problems (e.g. supply problems)



2.4 Deliverable Items

The List of Deliverable Items shall be grouped in **Documentation, Hardware and Software** and shall include sufficient **explanation** to unambiguously represent the **scope** of the deliverable.

2.4.1 Documentation

- Ensure there is a detailed description of each deliverable to avoid later discussion! (i.e. a table of contents)
- Ensure consistency with WPDs!

2.4.2 Other Deliverables (Hardware, Software, Models, Data, etc.)

- Often other deliverables are forgotten



Proposal Template

Part 3 – Financial



3.1 Price Quotation For The Contemplated Contract

3.2 Detailed Price Breakdown

3.3 Cost to Completion



3.1 Price Quotation For The Contemplated Contract

[Enter here the total amount quoted as a Firm Fixed Price (FFP), in Euro without cents, delivery duty paid, exclusive of import duties and value added taxes in ESA Member States, etc., in pursuance of the pricing conditions fixed in the “Draft Contract” included in the CfP]

Remarks concerning certain price elements:

a) Charging of royalties and licence fees

ESA will only accept to pay royalties or licence fees on the condition that they are:

- clearly identified in the Proposal, with the financial basis for their calculation, method of application and total amount, and
- demonstrated to be of direct and necessary benefit to the work to be performed (thus not merely the consequence of a general agreement or commitment to a Third Party), and
- applied only to that part of the effort to be performed by a Contractor or subcontractor that is directly related to the subject matter of the licence or royalty agreement.



3.1 Price Quotation For The Contemplated Contract

Remarks concerning certain price elements:

b) Quotations free of taxes and custom duties:

Prices shall be quoted free of any value added taxes (VAT) and import duties in the Agency's Member States. Please note that subcontractors are not VAT exempt. In this connection you shall pay attention to the provisions stated in Article 3 of the Draft Contract (Appendix 1 to the CfP). In case you consider that you and/or your subcontractor(s) will remain subject to payment of taxes or custom duties, you shall indicate separately the applicable rates, the corresponding estimated amounts, and the reason why exemption from such taxes or duties cannot be obtained.

c) Currency and conversion rate:

For any Tenderer or proposed subcontractor located in countries outside of the Euro zone, the exchange rate used to quote their prices in Euro shall be indicated by the company (or institute) in its costing form PSS-A2. Any other factors (such as hedging costs, forward buying rates) used for the purpose of the calculations shall also be indicated].



Hints & Tips: Price Quotation

1. The price of the Contract will be a **Firm Fixed Price without VAT**.

The EU provides International Organisations the privilege to be exempted from VAT for intra-community transactions. ESA, as an International Organisation, is classified as non-taxable. ESA applies this privilege by issuing a VAT EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE for its contract. ESA does therefore not have an EU VAT-ID number.

The VAT Exemption certificate will be provided with the contract.

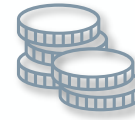
- **The Prime Contractor is the only one receiving the VAT EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE** as it is the supplier in direct contractual relationship with ESA. It is the Prime Contractor to invoice ESA directly.
- Subcontractors will not receive the VAT EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE as they do not stand in a direct contractual relationship with ESA; they are paid by the Prime.



Hints & Tips: Price Quotation

2. The **price** of the proposed activity must be **transparent, clear and credible**.

- ✓ **TRANSPARENT:** Where does the money go? (e.g. the cost structure, hardware etc.)
- ✓ **CLEAR:** Level of details is important – PSS forms
- ✓ **CREDIBLE:** Are the cost credible to achieve the objectives of the proposed activity?
- After the contract is signed by both party, ESA does not require financial reporting on the evolution of the spending.
- All financial details are set in the Proposal & at negotiation. The Proposal and the minutes of meeting will be part of “the rules of the game” together with the Contract for the all duration of the contract.
- The financial envelope in the CfP is an earmarked budget – it is **NOT** a goal. Price must be fair and reasonable for the scope of work described in the Proposal.

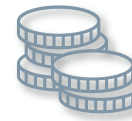


3.2 Detailed Price Breakdown

3.2.1 Procedures Specifications and Standards (PSS) costing forms

[On the basis of the corresponding instructions to each form, complete and insert in Annex to your Proposal the costing form(s) requested below):

- **PSS A1** Company Cost Rates and Overheads
- **PSS A2** Company Price Breakdown Form
- **PSS A2** Exhibit A – Other Cost Element Details (if applicable)
- **PSS A2** Exhibit B – Travel and subsistence plan
- **PSS A8** Manpower & Price Summary per WP
- Note that the PSS form templates can be downloaded from esa-star Publication at [https://esastar-publication.sso.esa.int/supportingDocumentation/under Reference Documentation/Administrative Documents/PSS Forms/Issue 5](https://esastar-publication.sso.esa.int/supportingDocumentation/under%20Reference%20Documentation/Administrative%20Documents/PSS%20Forms/Issue%205). Each of the PSS forms must be signed.
- Note for co-funded activity, the PSSA2, Exhibit A and Exhibit B and PSSA8 should present the total cost of the activity including the co-funded amount. No profit can be charged on co-funded activity. The amount co-funded by the Tenderer shall not include any additional co-financing from other public R&D or other public programmes. The difference between the total cost of the activity and the total price of the present Contract shall be funded by the Contractor through [its internal funds/or specify as required], and shall not be recharged to the Agency in other Contracts, nor in the form of overhead.
- For fully funded activity, the profit shall not exceed eight percent (8%) of the base cost defined in item no. 9 of PSS A2 form, issue 5 (“Company Price Breakdown Form”).



Procedures Specifications and Standards (PSS)

- PSS A1 Company Cost Rates and Overheads
- PSS A2 Company Price Breakdown Form
- PSS A2 Exhibit A – Other Cost Element Details (if applicable)
- PSS A2 Exhibit B – Travel and Subsistence Plan
- PSS A8 Manpower & Price Summary per WP



All PSS forms must be provided and signed, even if empty, from the prime and subcontractors(s)

Proposal Template: Part 3 – Financial



How to retrieve PSS forms?

The screenshot shows the ESA STAR Publication interface. The top navigation bar includes 'News', 'ESA Tender Actions', 'Non ESA Tender Actions', 'ESA Interactions', and 'Supporting Documentation'. The main content area is titled 'PSS Forms (Issue 5)' and displays metadata: 'Publication Date: 18/03/2021' and 'Last Update On: 22/03/2021 12:34 CET'. A descriptive paragraph explains that PSS forms are used to break down the total price of an industrial proposal. Below this, a list of files is shown, including PSSA1_i5.xlsx, PSSA2_i5.xlsx, PSSA4_i5.xlsx, PSSA6_i5.xlsx, and PSSA8_i5.xlsx. The left sidebar contains a tree view of documents, with 'PSS Forms (Issue 5)' highlighted. Red annotations indicate that Step 1 is to click the 'esa-star Publication' logo and Step 2 is to click the 'Supporting Documentation' menu item and the 'PSS Forms (Issue 5)' link in the sidebar.



Why do we use PSS Forms?

- **Fairness:** PSSs are standard tools used for all ESA activities/CfP. All costs are presented the same way to allow systematic evaluation.
- **Clarity:** PSSs allow to review clearly where the money is allocated.
- **Evaluation tool:** e.g. number of hours spent per Key Personnel per Work Package, cost per category, hardware cost...

Carefully check the Instruction Page

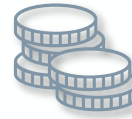
BE AWARE

- We evaluate in detail the cost.
- We will challenge the number of hours and the cost allocation to verify that the cost are true and credible.
- Use the standard cost categories effective for any other work done by your organisation.



PSS A1

- ✓ Present the labour Cost per Category (Project Manager, Mechanical Engineer, Senior Scientist, PhD, Engineer ...)
- ✓ No Names
- ✓ ONE hourly rate for ONE labour cost category
- ✓ Fill in the Internal Facilities' part only if cost will be allocated to it.



Hints & Tips: PSS A1 – Key review points by Technical Experts

- Make sure that the labour categories match the team composition in section 2.1.1
- All three columns must be filled out (Basic, Overhead & Gross rates)
- The most transparent way to apply overheads for SMEs is to apply a direct overhead rate here...
- Are your rates in line with similar entities in your country?
- Need help calculating rates? Request an ESA Audit. If your rates are agreed with ESA show this here...

COMPANY RATES AND OVERHEADS		FORM No. PSS A1		Page no. 1 of 1		Issue 5	
RFQ/ITT no.:		18.187.04		COMPANY NAME: CIC Beverages			
PROPOSAL no.:		1		Name and title: Mr Bean			
ECONOMIC CONDITIONS:		2025		Signature:			
NATIONAL CURRENCY (NC):		EUR					
VALIDITY PERIOD :		01/01/2026	01/03/2027				
ESA Audit agreement reference / date							
							Agreed by
							Status (x when applicable)
1. LABOUR							
Direct labour cost centres or categories Code and Name		Basic Hourly Rate (NC)	Direct Overhead (% or Rate in NC)	Gross Hourly Rate (NC)			
Project Manager		34.42	14%	39.24			
Senior Engineer		50.74	14%	57.84			
Junior Engineer		32.21	14%	36.72			
Technician		24.95	14%	28.44			
QA Manager		42.74	14%	48.72			
2. INTERNAL SPECIAL FACILITIES							
Facility Code and Name		Type of Unit		UNIT RATE (NC)			
Pressure Testing Chamber		Day		1000			



PSS A2

- ✓ Full vision of the cost allocated to the activity
- ✓ If applicable, do not forget to include profit and cost of subcontractors
- ✓ **Exhibit A** : Details the cost allocated to hardware, services and miscellaneous
 - TIPS: Cost must be detailed and verifiable against current market price
- ✓ **Exhibit B**: Details the **travel costs**
 - No conference unless strictly linked to the need of the activity. We promote teleconference whenever possible. Not everyone need to come to the Final Presentation.
- ✓ The instruction provides all the definitions related to OTHER DIRECT COST ELEMENTS.

Proposal Template: Part 3 – Financial



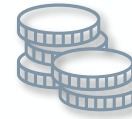
Hints & Tips: PSS A2 – Key review points by Technical Experts

Total # hours

Total # FTE

- Are these reasonable for the duration and scope of work?
- Do they match the # and time allocation of key people?

COMPANY PRICE BREAKDOWN FORM					Form No. PSS A2	Page no. 1	Issue 5
RFQ/ITT No.:	18.187.04				COMPANY	Name: CIC Beverages Country: Netherlands	Representative Name and Title: Mr. Bean Signature:
Proposal/Tender No.:	1						
Type of Price:	FFP	Firm Fixed Price					
Economic Condition:	2025						
National Currency (NC):	EUR						
Exchange Rate (X):	1 EURO =	1.00000	EUR				
Contractual Phase:	N/A						
Project/Work Package(s):							
						TOTAL (NC) EUR	TOTAL (EURO) NC / X
LABOUR							
Direct Labour cost centres or categories Code / Description	No. of FTE (calculated) U = W / V	Sold Hours per ManYear V	Manpower Effort No. of Hours W	Gross Hourly Rate in NC			
Project Manager	0.2	1,600	300	39.24		11,772.00	11,772.00
Senior Engineer	0.9	1,800	1,550	57.84		89,652.00	89,652.00
Junior Engineer	0.3	1,800	550	36.72		20,196.00	20,196.00
Technician	0.2	1,800	400	28.44		11,376.00	11,376.00
QA Manager	0.0	1,800	80	48.72		3,897.60	3,897.60
						0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00
1	Total Direct Labour Hours and Cost	1.6		2880.0	A	136,893.60	136,893.60
INTERNAL SPECIAL FACILITIES							
Code	Description	Type of unit	No. of units	Unit rates in NC			
	Pressure Testing Chamber	Day	1	1,000		1,000.00	1,000.00
						0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00
						0.00	0.00
2	Total Internal Special Facilities Cost				B	1,000.00	1,000.00



Hints & Tips: PSS A2 – Key review points by Technical Experts

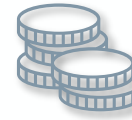
Other direct cost elements - % of overall cost reasonable? (details reviewed in Exhibits)

Profit <= 8%?

Costing should be done from the bottom up. A reduction can be offered, if the budget exceeds the financial envelope for the activity type.

Total – less than earmarked budget?

	OTHER DIRECT COST ELEMENT	Base amounts in NC	+ OH %	OH amounts in NC			
3.1	Raw materials	1,455		0			1,455.00 1,455.00
3.2	Mechanical parts	1,973		0			1,973.00 1,973.00
3.3	Semi-finished products						0.00 0.00
3.4	Electrical & electronic components	733		0			733.00 733.00
3.5	HIREL parts						
	a) procured by company						0.00 0.00
	b) procured by third party						0.00 0.00
3.6	External Major Products						0.00 0.00
3.7	External Services	3,000		0			3,000.00 3,000.00
3.8	Transport and Insurances	3,100		0			3,100.00 3,100.00
3.9	Travel and Subsistence						0.00 0.00
3.10	Miscellaneous	600		0			600.00 600.00
3	Total Other Direct Cost	10,861.00		0.00		C	10,861.00 10,861.00
4	SUB-TOTAL DIRECT COST					(A+B+C) D	148,754.60 148,754.60
	GENERAL EXPENSES	<i>Cost items to which % applies</i>		<i>Base Amount in NC</i>		<i>OH %</i>	
5	General & Administration Expenses					E	0.00 0.00
6	Research & Development Expenses					F	0.00 0.00
7	Other					G	0.00 0.00
8	TOTAL COMPANY COST					D+(E+F+G) H	148,754.60 148,754.60
		<i>Cost items to which % applies</i>		<i>Base Amount in NC</i>		<i>%</i>	
9	PROFIT			148,154.6		8.0%	11,852.37 11,852.37
10	COST WITHOUT ADDITIONAL CHARGE					J	0.00
11	FINANCIAL PROVISION FOR ESCALATION					K	0.00
12	TOTAL COMPANY PRICE					(H+I+J+K) L	160,606.97 160,606.97
13	TOTAL SUB-CONTRACTOR PRICE					M	23,969.00 23,969.00
14	REDUCTION for COMPANY CONTRIBUTION					N	0.00
15	TOTAL PRICE FOR ESA					(L+M-N)	184,575.97 184,575.97



Hints & Tips: PSS A2 – Key review points by Technical Experts

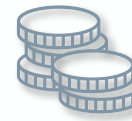
COMPANY PRICE BREAKDOWN FORM		EXHIBIT "A" TO PSS A2				Issue 5	
RFQ/ITT No.: 18.187.04		Page No.		No. of Pages			
Proposal/Tender No.:		COMPANY NAME: CIC Beverages					
National Currency: EUR		Name and Title: Mr. Bean					
Contractual Phase: N/A		Signature					
Applicable to PSS-A2 elements: 3.1-3.4 - 3.6 - 3.7 - 3.10 - 10 Project / Work Pac WP300, WP400, WP500							
Cost El. No.	ITEM DESCRIPTION	Type of Price	Purchase Currency	Purchase Amount	Exchange rate 1 NC =	Amount in NC	
3.1	Raw Materials: Copper, Stainless Steel for component manufacturing	FFP	EUR	1,455.00	1.00000	1,455.00	
3.2	Mechanical Parts: Soldering support equipment, seals, slides, hinges, toggle clamps	FFP	EUR	1,973.00	1.00000	1,973.00	
3.4	Electrical & Electronic Components: resistors, capacitors, LEDs, transistors e.t.c	FFP	EUR	733.00	1.00000	733.00	
3.7	External Service: Test facility use ASTM f2990 Certified commercial coffee brewers facility at Brewzone, Italy	FFP	EUR	3,000.00	1.00000	3,000.00	
3.10	Micellaneous: raw food material for testing (coffee, cocoa beans, tea, sugar, milk)	FFP	EUR	600.00	1.00000	600.00	

Bought in items

- Justified by scope of work?
- Not representing infrastructure?
- Not representing ‘normal work’ items?
- Sufficiently identified?
- Reasonable cost?

External Services

- Clearly described?
- Clearly needed?
- Value for money?
- Referenced in the proposal?



Hints & Tips: PSS A2 Exhibit B – Key review points by Technical Experts

TRAVEL PLAN AND COST DETAIL													EXHIBIT "B" TO PSS-A2		Issue 1
RFQ/ITT No.:								Project:							
Proposal/Tender No.:								Company:							
Contractual Phase								Type of Price:							
Economic Condition:								Exchange (X): 1 EURO =		1		0			
National Currency (NC)*:															
WP Reference Number	WP Title	Purpose/Event	Departure	Destination	Nr. of Trips	Avg. People per Trip	Travel Cost p.p. (NC)	B / E	Avg. Days per Trip	Subsistence Cost p.d. (NC)	A / R	Total Cost (NC)	Total Cost (EURO)		
WP500	Testing	Test facility use ASTM f2990 Certified commerical coffee brewers facility at Brewzone, Italy	Tallinn, Estonia	Rome, Italy	1	2	200	E	3	200		1,600	1,600		
WP100	Management	Final Presentation at ESTEC	Tallinn, Estonia	Noordwijk, Netherlands	1	2	250		2	250		1,500	1,500		
Total Cost, WBS level 1 (equal to the item 3.9 of PSS-A2)												3,100	3,100		

Meetings & Travels:

- Matching meeting & travel plan?
- All clearly justified?

People:

- Matched to purpose of meeting?

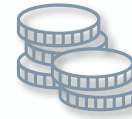
Travels:

- Flight costs reasonable?
- # days reasonable?
- Subsistence reasonable? (often too low)



PSS A8

- ✓ Cost and Hours are broken down per Work Package
- ✓ We evaluate whether there is too much, not enough hours allocated to each WP
- ✓ Consistency of information is important
- ✓ Do not forget to sign the PSS forms
- ✓ Do not forget the total!

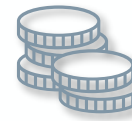


Hints & Tips: PSS A8 – Key review points by Technical Experts

Hours per work package

- Matching/ reasonable for scope of work described in WP?
- Reasonable spread of hours (i.e. focus at key part)?
- Hours spent on management reasonable?
- Is the PSS complete? (Often not fully filled out)
- Procurements associated to correct WP?

COMPANY MANPOWER AND PRICE SUMMARY PER WP										Form no. PSS A8	Page X of Y	Issue 5	
ITT/RFQ:		18.187.04										Price Type: FFP	
Proposal/Tender No.:		1										Economic Conditions: 2018	
Company Name:		HIQ Beverages Ltd										National Currency (NC): EUR	
Contractual Phase:		N/A										Exchange Rate: 1 EUR = 01-1900	
WBS-Level (Number and Title):		1 Workpackage											
WP Title	Management	Requirement Specification and concept	Preliminary Design	Detailed Design	Prototype Development & Test								Total WBS-Level
WP Number	100	200	300	400	500								
Labour Hours per category	Hours												
Project Manager	#	300											300
Senior engineer	#		190	140	680	540							1,550
Junior Engineer	#		50	100	100	300							550
Technician	#			120	40	240							400
QA Manager	#			10	10	60							80
...	#												
...	#												
...	#												
Total Labour Hours	#	300	240	370	830	1,140							2,880
1. Total Labour Cost	NC	11,772.00	12,825.60	15,669.60	44,628.00	51,998.40							136,893.60
2. Internal Special Facilities Cost	NC					1,000.00							
3.1-3.4 Material Costs	NC			1,933.00		2,472.70							4,405.70
3.5 High Rel Parts Costs	NC												
3.6 External Major Products Cost	NC												
3.7 External Services Cost	NC					3,450.00							3,000.00
3.8 Transport/Insurance Cost	NC												
3.9 Travel and Subsistence Cost	NC				780.00	2,718.00							3,498.00
3.10 Miscellaneous Cost	NC					630.00							630.00
3. Total Other Costs (sum of above 3.x)	NC	0.00	0.00	1,933.00	780.00	9,270.70							11,983.70
4. Sub-Total Direct Cost	NC	11,772.00	12,825.60	17,602.60	45,408.00	62,269.10							149,877.30
5.-7. General expenses	NC	441.45	480.96	587.61	1,673.55	1,949.94							5,133.51
8. Sub-Total Company Cost	NC	12,213.45	13,306.56	18,190.21	47,081.55	64,219.04							155,010.81
9. Profit Fee	NC	977.08	1,064.52	1,455.22	3,766.52	5,137.52							12,400.86
10. Cost without additional charge	NC												
11. Financial Provision for escalation	NC												
12. Total Company Price	NC	13,190.53	14,371.08	19,645.43	50,848.07	69,356.56							167,411.67
	EURO												
13. Total Sub-Contractors Price	NC				12,943.80	11,026.10							23,969.90
	EURO												
14. Reduction for Company contribution	NC												
15. Total Price for ESA	NC												
	EURO	13,190.53	14,371.08	19,645.43	63,791.87	80,382.66							191,381.57



Three Point Estimate Method

Example - brushing teeth						
Workpackage number	WP 101					
Title	Cleaning teeth					
Estimating	seconds					
	Best case	Most likely	Worst case	Expected	Pseudo Sigma (Standard Deviation)	Variance
Task	<i>a</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>e</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i> ²
Task 1.1: Prepare	2	8	45	13.2	7.2	51.4
Task 1.2: Brush	60	120	150	115.0	15.0	225.0
Task 1.3: Rinse	2	5	10	5.3	1.3	1.8
Task 1.4: Dry	8	10	12	10.0	0.7	0.4
Task 1.5 Tidy up	5	15	120	30.8	19.2	367.4
Total expected (sec)				174.3		
Overall Sigma (Standard Deviation)				25.4		

Need to find new toothpaste if empty
Supposed to be at least 2 min, but I might be in a rush

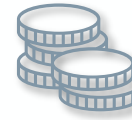
Maybe I made a big mess?

Nominally we expect this to take 174.3 sec, or 2 min 54.3 sec.
In most cases (i.e. total expected + 1 times overall variation), we should do this task in under 199.7 sec, or 3 min 19.7 sec.
In the worst case (i.e. total expected + 3 times overall variation), we should still not take longer than 250.6 sec, or 4 min 10.6 sec



PLEASE NOTE!

- **All fields in National Currency and in EURO must be filled in.**
Please do not forget to fill in the exchange rate.
- **For non-profit organisations, no profit can be accepted. For other organisations, the profit shall not exceed 8% of the Total Company Cost** shown on line 8, which excludes the base value of 3.5b. Subcontractor prices are not considered to be own company cost and, being already inclusive of profit, are shown on line 13 of the PSS A2 (Issue 5).
- **Final presentation shall take place at the Agency's premises.** The cost of attendance/participation to conferences can only be covered if it is directly pertinent to the work being proposed, and shall be justified.
- **Overheads on procurements and labour rates** are intended to cover admin costs and **general office supplies and overheads.**

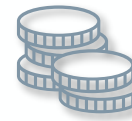


3.2.2 Milestone Payment Plan

Determines how much gets paid, when and what are the conditions for payment

ESA pays against achieved results = Payment milestone dates typical align with technical review milestones successfully concluding with all associated deliverables accepted by the Agency.

Milestone (MS) Description	Schedule Date	Payments from ESA to (Prime) Contractor (in Euro)	Country (ISO code)
Progress (MS 1): Upon successful completion of WP xxx and/or successful [review] and acceptance by the Agency of all related deliverable items [Deliverable reference e.g D.1 or TN1 ..] .	To + ... months		
Progress (MS 2): Upon successful completion of WP xxx and/or successful [review] and acceptance by the Agency of all related deliverable items [Deliverable reference e.g D.1 or TN1 ..] .	To + ... months		
Final Settlement [1] (MS 3): Upon the Agency's [OPTION] final acceptance of software and [END OPTION] and acceptance of all deliverable items due under the Contract and the Contractor's fulfilment of all other contractual obligations including submission of the Contract Closure Documentation	To + ... months	<i>(not less than 10% of the total contract price)</i>	
TOTAL			



Hints & Tips:
Not more than 2 payments in a 12 month period!
Balance to be cash neutral!

Acceptable Milestone Description

Preferred description is linked to a review

Payments should be balanced to predicted expenditure profile

Milestone (MS) Description	Schedule Date	Payments from ESA to (Prime) Contractor (in Euro)	Country (ISO code)
Progress (MS 1): Upon successful completion of the Requirements Review and acceptance of deliverables D1a, D1b, D1c, D2 and D3.	To + 2 months	75,000	EE
Progress (MS 2): Upon successful completion of the Preliminary Design Review and acceptance of deliverables D4a-c, D5, D6a-b, D7.	To + 7 months	74,570	
Final Settlement (MS3): Upon successful completion of the CDR and the Agency's acceptance of all deliverable items due under the Contract and the Contractor's fulfilment of all other contractual obligations including submission of the Contract Closure Documentation.	To +18 months	41,812	
TOTAL		191,382	

Proposal Template: Part 3 – Financial



You are requested to indicate for information purposes only, the Milestone Payment Plan that is envisaged for subcontractor(s)

For Information purposes only : Amounts in Euro for Contractor and Sub-contractor(s)				
Milestone	Prime Contractor HiQ Beverages Ltd	Insert Country (ISO code) EE	Subcontractor A Under Pressure Manufacturing Ltd	Insert Country (ISO code) LV
Advance	61,984		5,000	
MS-1	8,016		0	
MS-2	55,600		18,970	
MS-3	41,812		0	
TOTAL	167,412		23,970	

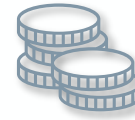
See page 32 of example proposal





PLEASE NOTE!

- All claims for payment shall be linked to the **achievement of defined schedule milestones**. These milestones are to be in the form of significant events in the programme to be selected on the basis of providing a check point for progress in the work performed. E.G.
 - Successful completion of Reviews
 - Acceptance of deliverables
- **Progress reports are not sufficient to make payments**
- **Advance payments** to be made after contract signature, may be agreed in line with:
 - The advance payment **constitutes a debt of the Contractor to the Agency** until it has been set-off against a subsequent milestone. The advance payment shall nominally be set-off against the 1st progress payment.
 - Advance payments for SMEs are 35% of the contract price. SMEs are classified according to the criteria of the European Commission (Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003 (OJ L 124, 20.5.2003, p. 36)).
- **The final payment milestone shall not be less than 10% of the contract price.**



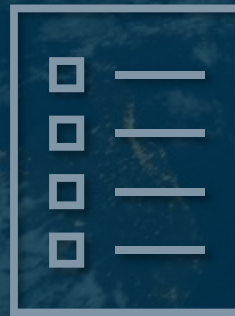
3.3 Cost To Completion

- A cost to completion is requested for an indication of the further investment foreseen to make the product or service market ready.
- This information is provided for information only and is not binding in any way for either party (ESA or Tenderer).
- Complete the table below identifying the main development steps / activities that would be needed AFTER COMPLETION OF THIS ACTIVITY to progress the work to higher TRL - if applicable.
- Provide a rough estimate of the expected cost of each further step or activity and the expected end TRL at the end of each step or activity (two levels above the final TRL achieved during the proposed work).

Further Step/ Activity	Estimated cost (Euro)	Estimated Start date	Estimated end date

Proposal Template

Part 4 – Contract Conditions



4.1 Compliance with the Contract Conditions

4.2 Intellectual Property Rights

4.3 Import and Export Licenses



4.1 Compliance with the Contract Conditions

Please carefully review the Draft Contract.

The Tenderer shall simply state acceptance of all contract conditions.

The following statement shall be included in the Full Proposal, under Section 4.1:

The contract conditions have been read, are understood and accepted. No sales conditions of our own are applicable.

No explicit or implicit modifications are proposed to the Draft Contract.



4.2 Intellectual Property Rights

4.2.2 Foreground Intellectual Property

Present the expected FIPR that will be created as a result of the activity.

4.2.3 Ownership of Foreground Intellectual Property

Please review carefully *Articles 6 of the Draft Contract*. Please provide two statements of compliance:

- 1. the Contractor will own all Intellectual Property Rights and have the right to apply for, and to own, any Registered Intellectual Property Rights arising from Work performed under this Contract in line with the clause Articles 6.2.1 the draft Contract and*
- 2. the Agency shall have an irrevocable right to use the information used in that application, for its own requirements on the terms set out in Article 6.2.2 the draft Contract.*

In the case of the participation of subcontractor(s), explain the agreement reached between the parties on the ownership of the Intellectual Property and the principles for its exploitation, use and benefits.



4.3 Import and Export Licenses

This section is only **to be completed in case** of items or services that are **subject to** envisaged or probable inclusion of **import/export restrictions**, other than those from the Tenderer's own country, in either the body of the work performed under this activity or in a resulting product or service.

4.3 STATEMENT RELATING TO EXPORT IMPORT LICENCES / AUTHORISATIONS AND RELATED DOCUMENTATION

There are no export or import restriction issues and thus no need to obtain specific licences or authorisations. *or include and complete the following statements as appropriate*

Export or import restrictions and/or a need of adequate licences or authorisations exist, and the status regarding such requirements is at present the following:

- the **Tenderer/Subcontractor ... (name)** has obtained the following authorisation(s) in order to submit this tender:

and/or

- the **Tenderer/Subcontractor ... (name)** will need to obtain, prior to the placing of a Contract, the following authorisation(s):

and/or

- the **Tenderer/Subcontractor ... (name)** will need to obtain the following authorisation(s) for the implementation of the contract:



Check Points

- ✓ Cover Letter is signed
- ✓ Cover Letter is collated with the Proposal (25 pages)
- ✓ Proposal does not exceed 25 pages*
- ✓ PSS forms are collated as Annex to the Proposal (not included in the 25 pages limit)
- ✓ PSS forms for all entities of the consortium are signed (not included in the 25 pages limit)
- ✓ Key Personnel CVs are submitted as separate documents to the Full Proposal on ESA Star
- ✓ Contract Conditions have been accepted without any reservations
- ✓ Background Intellectual Property Rights have been declared under the proposal
- ✓ Foreground Intellectual Property Rights foreseen are indicated under the proposal
- ✓ Agreement on the ownership of the Foreground Intellectual Property Rights has been reached between the entities under the consortium and is clearly stated under the proposal

*The proposal shall NOT exceed 25 pages, excluding the Cover Letter, PSS forms and Annexes (if any).

DISTRIBUTION

TEB participants are granted access, in esa-star, to admitted tenders only after signing a Non-Disclosure and Non-Interest Form

SECURITY

The latest ESA Security Directives are applicable to the procurement process and the admitted Proposals.

DISPOSAL

Proposals not admitted for evaluation and those not recommended for contract award, are deleted from the esa-star system.

You made it! Questions?

Karol.Brzostowski@esa.int

